IN-13 Datasheet

Linear analog, continuous use gas discharge indicator IN-13, is intended to display electrical values transforming them into glowing bar, length of which is proportional to current flowing through device.



- 1. Anode
- 2. Indicating cathode
- 3. Auxiliary cathode



- A. Two strokes 90° +/- 10° on edge
- B. Stroke $90^{\circ} \pm 10^{\circ}$ on edge of working segment begin.
- C. Indicator label

^{*} Indicator glass curvature for up to 1 mm is allowed.

1. Basic electrical characteristics:

Auxiliary cathode firing voltage (no more than)	140 V	
Indicating cathode keep-up voltage	94-99 V	
Max working current	3.5-4.6 mA	
Min working current	0.2-0.6 mA	
Absolute linearity	+/- 4 mm	
Min brightness (no less than)	50 cd/m^2	
Response time (no more than)	1 Second	
Allowed length increase, when temperature Fall from 20° C to -60° C (no more than)	9mm	
Allowed length decrease, when temperature rise from 20°C to 70°C (no more than)	9mm	
Movingel deviation from primary sympat	0.4	
due wearing (no more than)	U.4IIIA	

2. Maximal allowed characteristics:

Parameter	Norm	Notes
Power supply voltage	140V	
Indicating cathode current	4.6mA	1,2
Overload current	5.5mA	
Overload time	10 hours	
Auxiliary cathode current	0.11-0.15mA	

Notes:

- 1. On linear segment
- 2. Maximum time at a single column length is 10 hours without switching off. Maximum time in total for a single column length is 50 hours. Single column length is assumed when current change is no more than + - 0.04mA.

Tube do not contains any noble metals.

Tube contains following metals:

Part	Metal	Туре	Weight, gramme
Auxiliary cathode	Molybdenum	МЧ	1,8
Anode	Nickel	НП2	2

3. Usage notes

- 1. Recommended usage modes.
 - 1.1. Maximal values do should not exceed values mentioned in chapter 2.
 - 1.2. No reverse polarity.
 - 1.3. To avoid braking the light column when switching abruptly, we recommend:
 - When switching on, the main cathode should not be on, and there should only be current on the auxiliary cathode.
 - When you have 0,13mA +/- 0,02mA on the auxiliary cathode, apply the main current, but allow 100mS to increase to maximum the minimum rate of change should be 50uA/second.
 - 1.4. Reference the example.
 - 1.5. Ensure, that anode is connected to positive and the auxiliary cathode to negative via resistor carrying a maximum current on auxiliary cathode 0,13mA +/- 0,02mA.
- 2. Indicator calibrating
 - 2.1. At mounting into device, begin of the measuring scale equalize with an upper edge of light-color line.
 - 2.2. Working position any.

Connection diagram



С	Capacitor 50-110 uF, 50V
G1	Stabilized power supply 0-150V
G2	Control unit
$R1^*$	Resistor 0.25W, 330Kohm, +/- 10%
R2	Resistor 0.25W, 30Kohm, +/- 10%
R3	Resistor 2W, 1Kohm, +/- 10%
R4	Variable resistor 1W, 1.5Kohm, +/- 20%
R5	Resistor 1W, 4.7Kohm, +/- 10%
V	IN-13 (this tube)
VT1	Transistor npn, $U_{CE} >= 50V$
VT2	Transistor npn U _{CE} $>=$ 50V, $\beta >=$ 50

* Adjusted by experiment.

Sorry for grammar errors, English is not my native language.